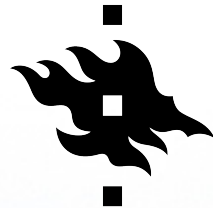


Open Science for English Historical Corpus Linguistics:

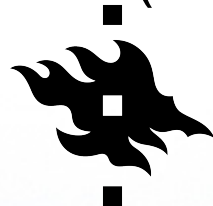
INTRODUCING THE LANGUAGE CHANGE
DATABASE



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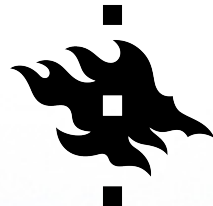
WHO ARE WE?

- **“Reassessing Language Change: The Challenge of Real Time”**
 - Funded by the Academy of Finland, 2014–2018
 - Linguists: Terttu Nevalainen, Tanja Säily, Turo Vartiainen
 - Database architect: Joonas Kesäniemi
 - Assistants: Agata Dominowska, Aatu Liimatta, Emily Öhman
 - Collaborating scholars: Peter Trudgill (sociolinguist), Jeffrey Lijffijt, Jukka Suomela (computer scientists)



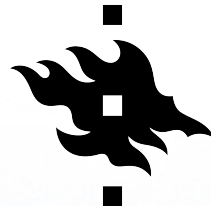
WHERE ARE WE COMING FROM?

- The researchers in our project are experts in **historical corpus linguistics** and **corpus methodologies**.
- **Corpora** have been used to study language change since the early 1990s.
- Thousands of articles describing various kinds of grammatical and lexical change have since been written on the English language alone.



WHERE ARE WE COMING FROM?

- Much of the existing research is **fragmented**:
 - Many early corpus-based studies were published in edited volumes and festschrifts with low print runs.
 - Problems in **accessibility**
 - **Loss of information**
 - **Waste of resources** if earlier research is forgotten

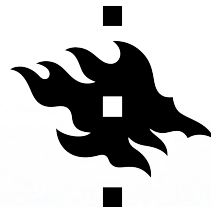


WHERE ARE WE COMING FROM?

- **Desideratum 1:** make the field of historical corpus linguistics **more cumulative** by ensuring that researchers have **continuous access to the results of previous research** as well as to the **numerical data** reported in the articles.

... and if achieved...

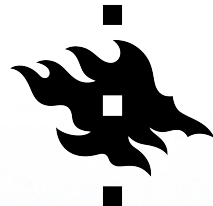
- **Desideratum 2:** advance the field by making it possible for researchers to undertake e.g. **meta-analyses** and **replication studies** based on existing data.



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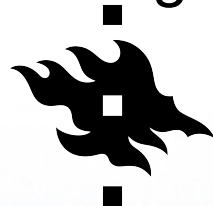
WHERE ARE WE COMING FROM?

- Meta-analyses could uncover new and interesting information about the following questions:
 1. Are **some processes of change** more susceptible to **rapid developments** than others?
 2. Does **the rate of language** change correlate with **the type of community** in which the language is spoken?
 3. How do **changes in society, culture and contact situations** between speakers of different languages and dialects affect language change?



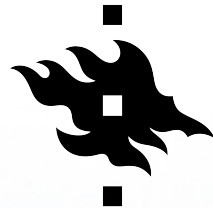
WHERE ARE WE COMING FROM?

- Our solution:
 - **Language Change Database (LCD)**
- An **open-access research database** that provides **real-time baseline data** for **modelling language change** in progress
- **Summarises** the results of corpus-based research articles on variation and change in English



LANGUAGE CHANGE DATABASE (LCD)

- Each article is represented by one entry in the database.
 - Each entry is **annotated** for linguistic and extra-linguistic features.
 - **Numerical data** in a computer-readable form
 - Initially developed and updated in Helsinki, later each researcher can insert the information of their own work into the LCD.
- c. 300 entries at the moment.
- Currently in beta stage, published later in 2018.



LANGUAGE CHANGE DATABASE (LCD)

Study details

- Genre
- Variety
- Grammar
- Dialectology
- Language contact
- Sociolinguistics
- Pragmatics
- Discourse analysis
- Statistical methods

Corpus

Study

- Summary of results
- Time period
- Topics

Publication

- Bibliographic data

Corpus
composition file

Annotated
data file

Data file

Publication file



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SEARCH INTERFACE

LCD proto 1

Search

750

1150

1700

2020

Corpus

OE

ME

EModE

LModE

PDE

HC

keywords

Grammar

Word classes

Adjectives

Adpositions

Adverbs

Complementizers

Connectives

Determiners

Nouns

"Without except(ing) unless...": on the grammaticalisation of expressions indicating exception in English

Rissanen, Matti
2002

ENOUGH and ENOW in Middle English

Peitsara, Kirsti
1997

Epicene HE and THEY and the development of English indefinite expression during the period 1500-1800

Laitinen, Mikko
2007

HERE compounds in English: mere satellites of THERE compounds?

Österman, Aune
2007

Filter corpus

ICAMET

B-BROWN

CELIST

CEPhIT

Variety

Genre

Social category



Publication details

Citation

Rissanen. 2005. "The development of TILL and UNTIL in English". Seoul: Thaeaksa, 75-92

Abstract

The article describes the history of the connectives TILL and UNTIL (subordinator and preposition) from Old to Present-day English, with reference of the presence and absence of PÆT and the sporadic occurrence of PE. Description of the gradual replacement of OP by the ON loan connective (UN)TIL in Middle English.

Show full publication info



Content details

Topic

(UN)TIL

Keywords

preposition; subordinator; OP; TIL; UNTIL; connective

Time periods

- Modern English
- Present-Day English
- Middle English
- Old English

Corpora

- A Representative Corpus of Historical English Registers
- BROWN Corpus
- Corpus of Early English Correspondence Sampler
- Century of Prose Corpus
- Freiburg-LOB Corpus of British English
- Freiburg-Brown corpus of American English
- Helsinki Corpus
- Lampeter Corpus of Early Modern English Tracts
- Lancaster-Oslo/Bergen Corpus

Summary of results

TIL, a loan connective (subordinator or preposition), borrowed from Old Norse, occurs a few times in Old English texts written in the Northumbrian dialect area, as an equivalent of TO.

- It replaces OP in the temporal and local senses in Early Middle English.
- The earliest instances recorded in the Helsinki Corpus occur in East Midland texts where the Scandinavian influence was the strongest.
- The related compound form UNTIL was borrowed in Middle English: the earliest occurrence occurs in the Ormulum.
- It becomes common in the fourteenth century.
- It is, at least to some extent, dialectally restricted throughout the Middle English period (Northern dialect; Northumbrian, East Midland dialect).
- In Modern English, UNTIL supersedes TILL in frequency numbers. It is the more common form particularly in formal registers. In letters and drama, TILL remains common even in twentieth-century corpus samples. UNTIL is clearly favoured by written language, while TILL is proportionally more common in spoken language. Particularly the preposition TILL seems a usage typical of speech: its relative frequency is even higher than that of UNTIL.

- Register:

Grammar

- Subordinator
- Preposition
- Connectives

Dialectology

- Borrowing
- Contact
- Dialect
- Region

Pragmatics

Genre

- Correspondence
- Drama
- No specific genre

Sociolinguistics

Variety

- East Midlands
- North
- Northumbria

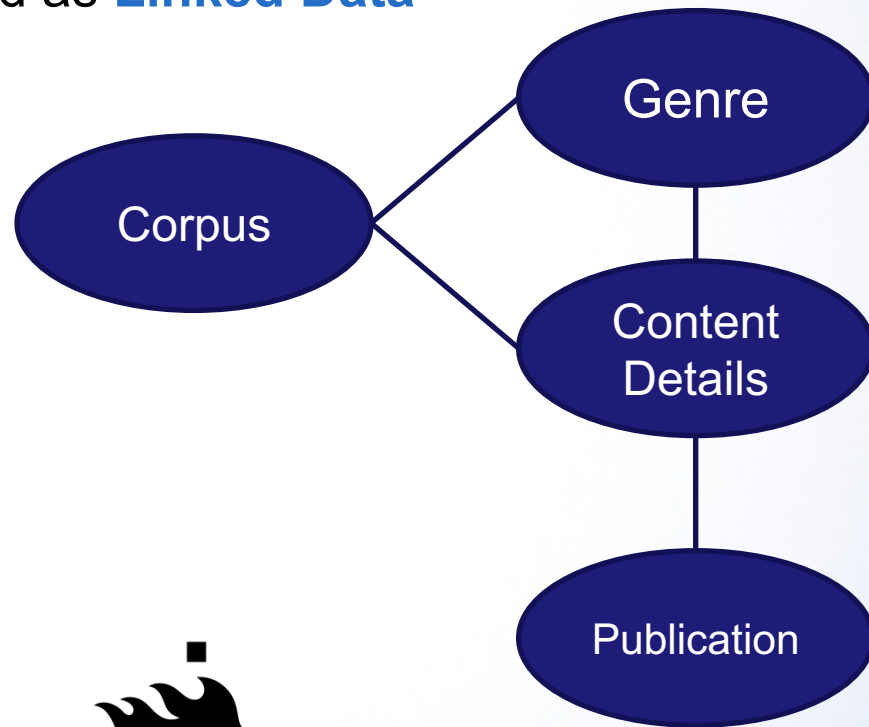
Social categories

Language contact

Statistical methods

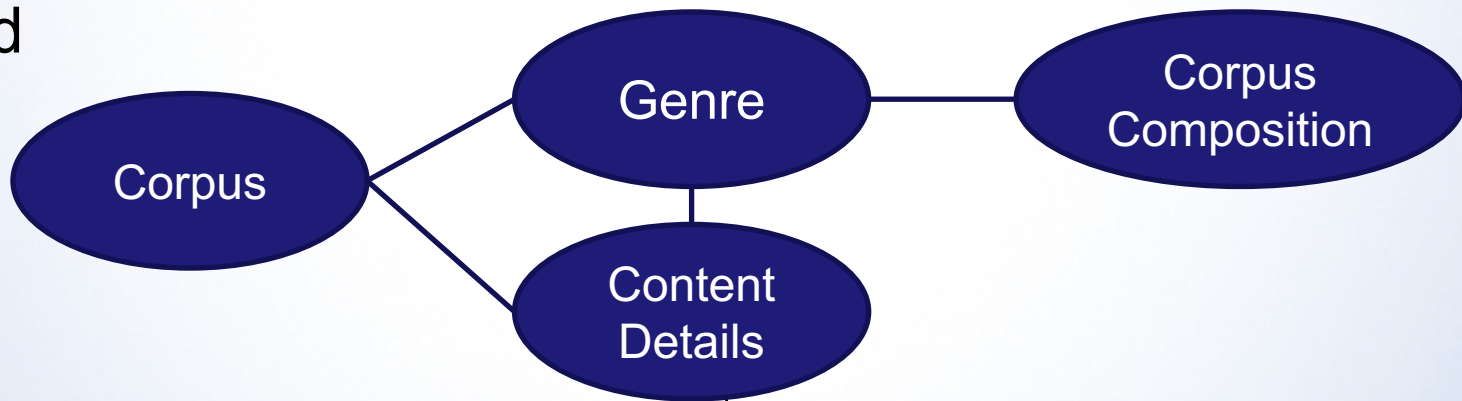
LCD RE-USABLE DATA

- Facilitates comparing and combining data for **meta-analysis**
- Everything (almost) is stored as **Linked Data**
 - Data
 - Metadata
 - Provenance
 - Ontology
- Re-use through **APIs**
 - e.g. Search user interface

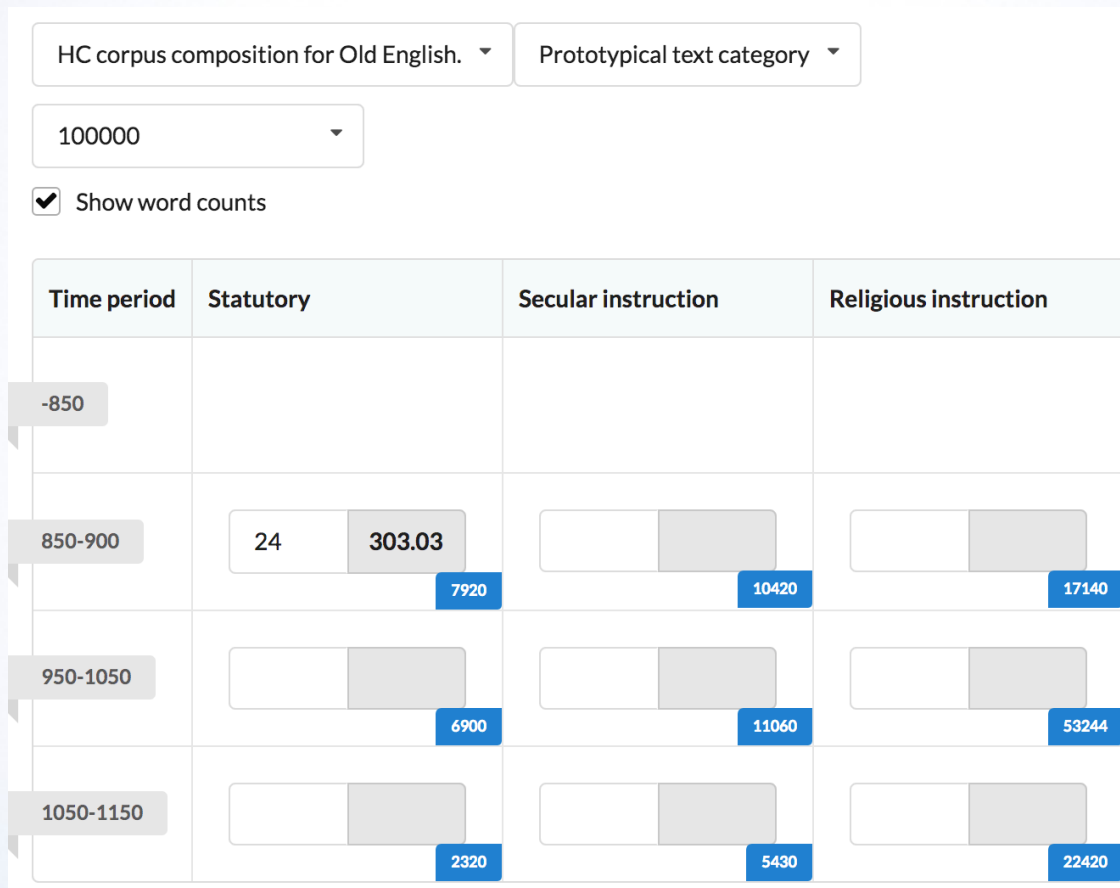


LCD CORPUS COMPOSITION

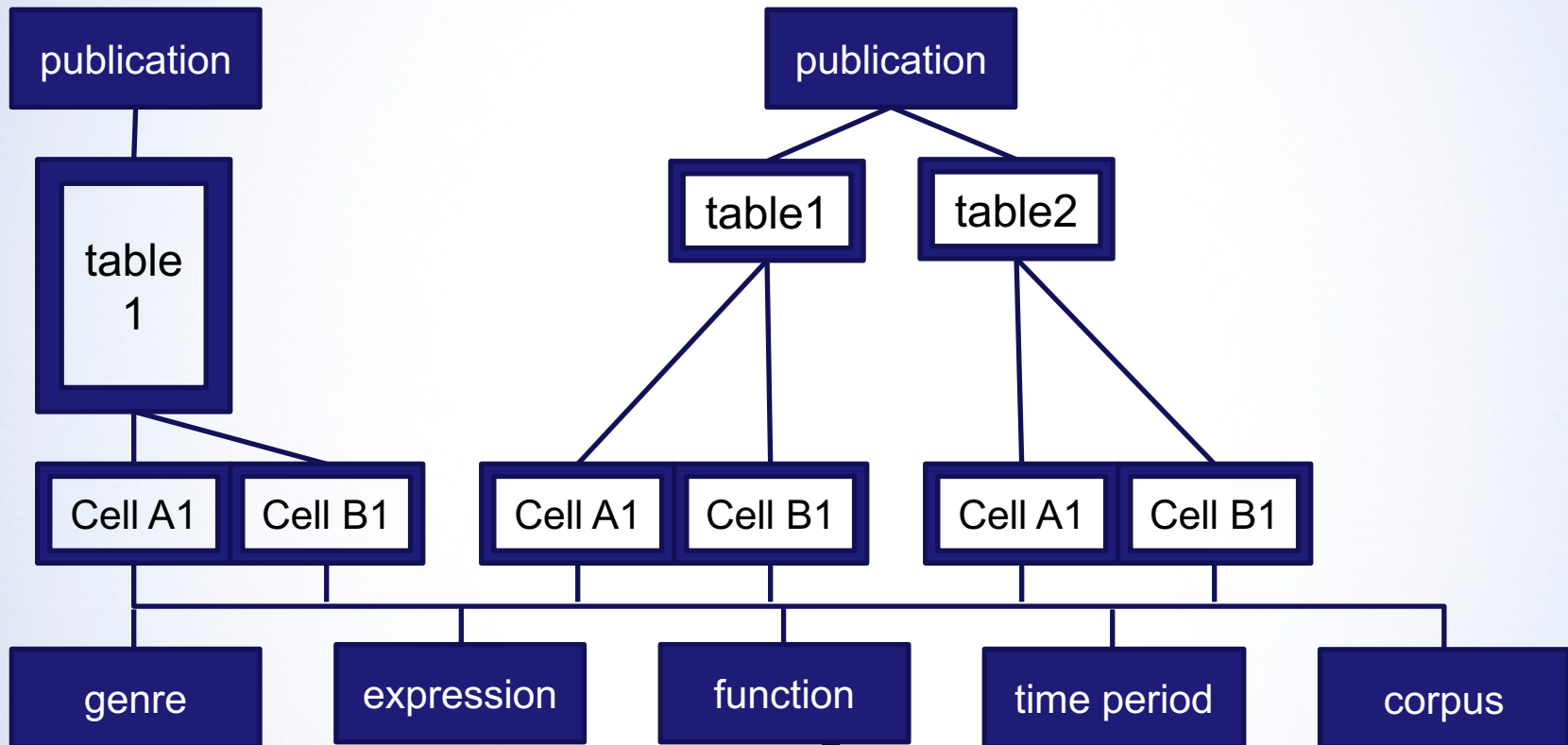
- Problem: **comparability** across studies
 - Some articles only report absolute values
 - Corpus compositions can be used for simple **normalization**
- Corpus **word count** partitions expressed as Linked Data
- Links corpus parts to LCD concepts such as genre and time period



CORPUS COMPOSITIONS: NORMALIZATION WIDGET

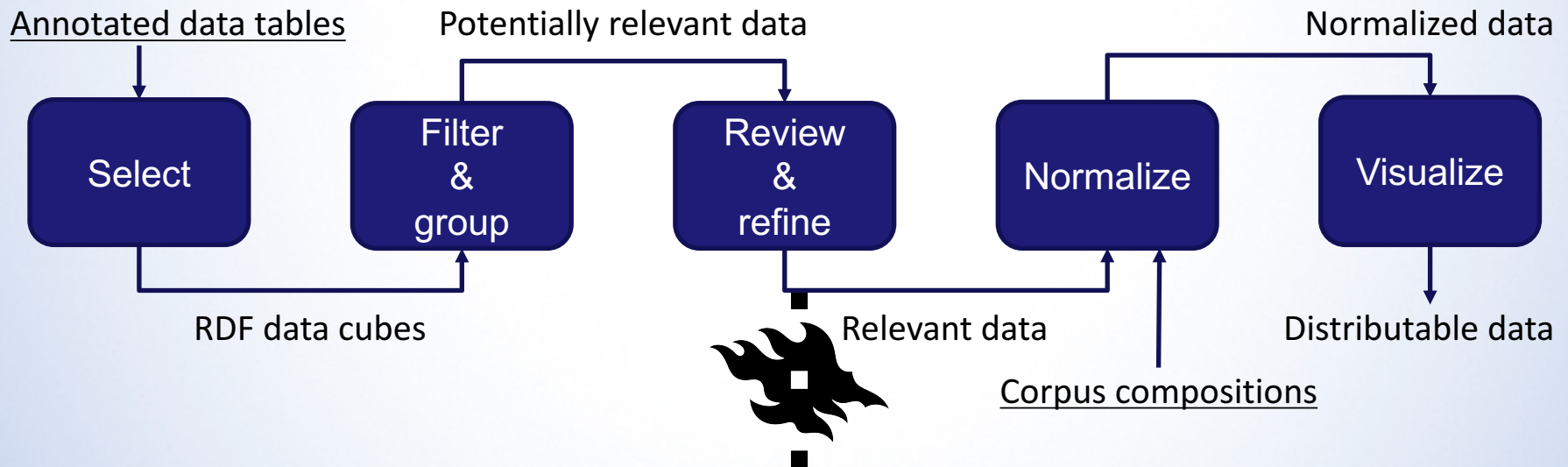


ANNOTATED DATA TABLE



LADA

- LCD Aggregated Data Analysis workbench
 - Tool for **experimenting** with LCD data
 - Small-scale **meta-analysis** across studies
- Generates RDF Data Cube representation of the annotated data tables
- Provides a **workflow** for creating new aggregated datasets



LADA FILTER & GROUP

Filter and group

Corpora +

- HC filtergroup
- ARCHER filtergroup
- LOB filtergroup
- F-LOB filtergroup

Expressions +

- UNTIL filtergroup
- TILL filtergroup

Genres +

- Any or no value filter

Functions +

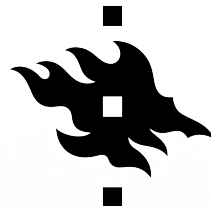
- Any or no value filter

Time period +

- Some timeperiod filter

Results (1)

The development of TILL and UNTIL in English
Tables: 3 Values: 74



LADA REVIEW & REFINE

Review

Filters

HC ARCHER LOB F-LOB UNTIL TILL Any or no value Any or no value
Some time period

Source tables and filtered values

The development of TILL and UNTIL in English
Rissanen, 2005

Exclude publication

Table1

Table 1. Until and till in the Early Modern English sub-sections of the Helsinki Corpus.
Figures per 100,000 words in brackets. (2005)



	until	until		till	till		HC
	subord.	prep.	total	subord.	prep.	total	
EModE1 (1500-1570)	24	11	35 (18.4)	45	16	61 (32.1)	
EModE2 (1570-1640)	43	16	59 (31.1)	57	26	83 (43.7)	
EModE3 (1640-1710)	6	3	9 (5.3)	87	59	146 (85.4)	



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LADA VISUALIZE

Visualize

Filters

HC ARCHER LOB F-LOB UNTIL TILL Any or no value Any or no value
Some time period

Groups

HC ARCHER LOB F-LOB UNTIL TILL Some time period

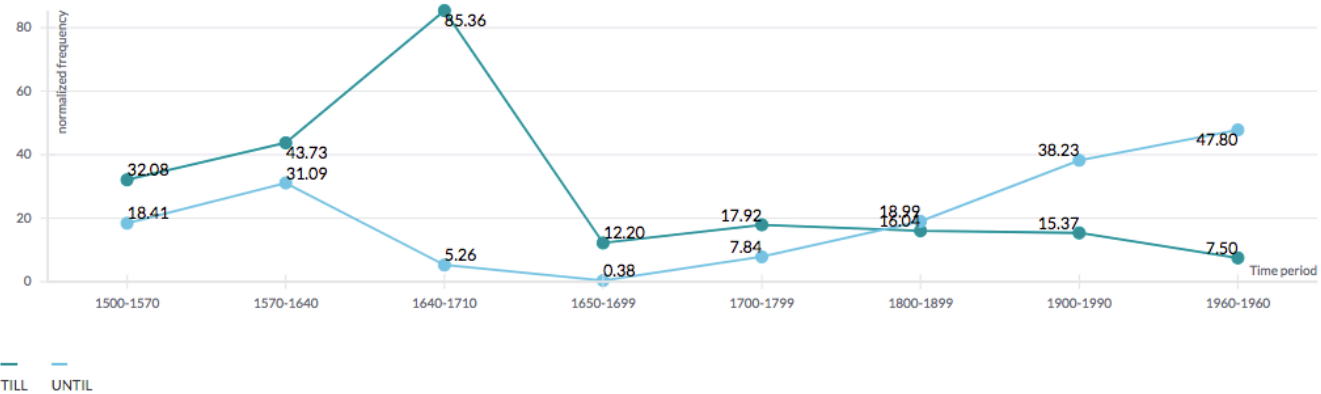
Add new graph

Edit graph

Export SVG

Export CSV

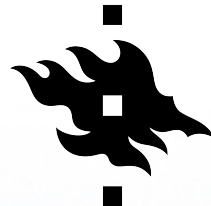
Bar Line Data labels



Remove graph

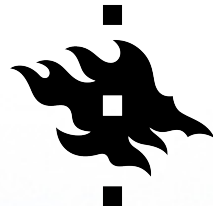
CONCLUSIONS

- The Language Change Database provides baseline data for **meta-analyses**, **replication studies** and **systematic reviews**.
- It is intended to make the field of English historical corpus linguistics **more cumulative** by ensuring **easy access** to the results of earlier research.
- The LADA tool can be used to **experiment** with the numerical data included in the LCD entries and to carry out small-scale meta-analyses.
- Both the LCD and LADA will be made available in accordance with **the best practices of open science**.



THANK YOU!

- To learn more about our project, please visit:
 - <http://www.helsinki.fi/lcd/>



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